Important Risk Factors of Mortality Among Children Aged 1-09 Months in Rural Areas of Shahroud, Iran: A Community-based Nested Case-Control Study

BACKGROUND:

The aim of the study was to evaluate potential risk factors of children mortality between only months of age.

METHODS:

This nested case-control study was conducted among children born from June 1999 to March Y...9 in rural areas of Shahroud, located in the central region of Iran using health care visit reports and follow-up data available in household health records.

RESULTS:

MORTALITY WAS SIGNIFICANTLY ASSOCIATED WITH BREASTFEEDING DURATION (OR: ..^\, %\cdot CI: ..\^\), total health care visits (OR: ..\\, %\cdot CI: -..\\\\) and low birth weight (LBW) (OR: \v.\\, %\cdot CI: .(\(\varphi\), \\\\)\\

CONCLUSION:

In our study, a longer breastfeeding period and more frequent health care visits were two important protective factors, while LBW was an important risk factor for oq-1 month child mortality. It seems, that complex and multiple factors may be involved in mortality of under oyear-old children, so combined efforts would be necessary to improve child health indicators.